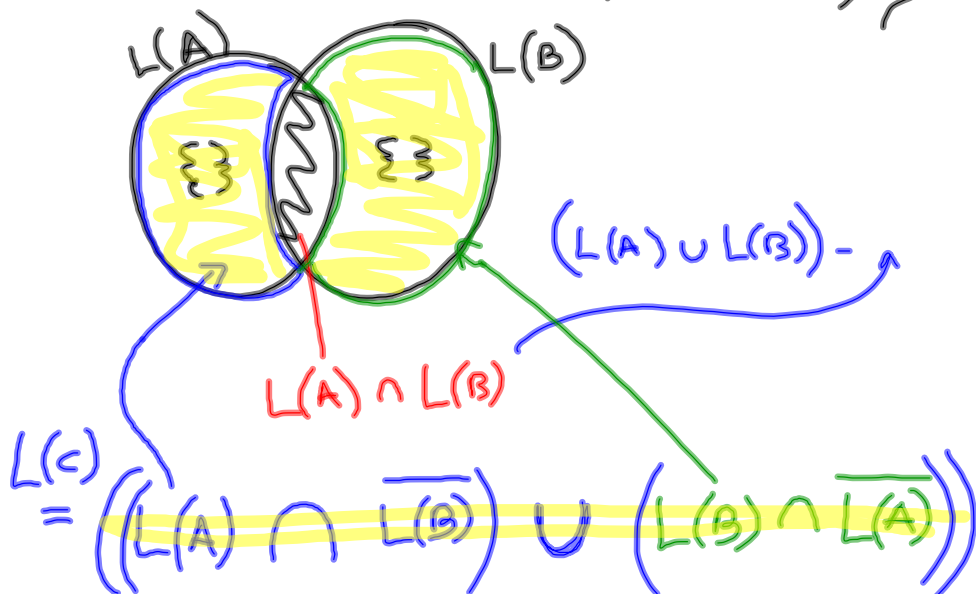


E_{DFA} is decidable (emptiness)

$$EQ_{\text{DFA}} = \left\{ \langle A, B \rangle \mid \begin{array}{l} A \text{ and } B \\ \text{are DFAs and} \\ L(A) = L(B) \end{array} \right\}$$



$$L(c) = \emptyset \text{ iff } L(A) = L(B)$$

f: on input $\langle A, B \rangle$

1. construct DFA C for $L(c)$
2. Run TMT from E_{DFA} on $\langle C \rangle$.
3. If \bar{T} accepts, accept otherwise reject.

$$A_{CFG} = \{ \langle G, w \rangle \mid G \text{ is a CFG} \\ \text{that generates } w \}$$

A_{CFG} is decidable.

if G is in CNF. $S \rightarrow Sa$

then any derivation
has ~~at most~~ $2n-1$
steps ($n = |w|$).

-
1. convert G to CNF.
 2. List all derivations w/
 $2n-1$ steps (unless $n=0$,
only list 1 step derivations)
 3. If any derivation is w ,
accept. Otherwise, reject.

$$S \rightarrow aSa \mid bSb \mid a \mid b \mid \epsilon$$

$$S \Rightarrow aSa \Rightarrow abSba \Rightarrow ababa$$

$$E_{CFG} = \left\{ \langle G \rangle \mid G \text{ is a CFG} \right. \\ \left. \text{and } L(G) = \emptyset \right\}$$

E_{CFG} is decidable

- | | |
|---|--|
| $S \rightarrow S$
$\checkmark A \rightarrow a$
$B \rightarrow B a$
$C \rightarrow B d$
$\checkmark D \rightarrow A d$ | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. mark all terminal symbols in the rules of G 2. repeat 3 until no new symbols are marked. 3. mark any variable A where G has the rule $A \rightarrow U_1 U_2 U_3 \dots U_k$ and all $U_1 \dots U_k$ are marked. 4. if the start variable is not marked, accept otherwise reject. |
|---|--|

$$EQ_{CFG} = \left\{ \langle G, H \rangle \mid G, H \text{ are CFG and } L(G) = L(H) \right\}$$

EQ_{CFG} is not decidable.