

Strong induction
 Basis: $P(a)$
 Induction: $\left[\begin{matrix} a \leq i < k \\ P(i) \end{matrix} \right] \rightarrow P(k)$
 $P(a) \wedge P(a+1) \wedge \dots \wedge P(k-1) \rightarrow P(k)$ prove $P(n)$
 $n \geq a$

Regular induction
 Basis: $P(a)$
 Induction: $P(k) \rightarrow P(k+1)$
 assume $P(k)$
 show $P(k+1)$
 Conclusion

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$a|b \quad b = a \cdot k \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$

x is composite $x = p \cdot q$ where
 $p, q \neq 1$
 $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}$

x is prime : not composite

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$\forall x, P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)$
 negate:
 $\neg(\forall x \neg P(x) \vee Q(x))$
 $\exists x \neg(\neg P(x) \vee Q(x))$
 $\exists x P(x) \wedge \neg Q(x)$

contrapositive:
 $\forall x, \neg Q(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x)$

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Algorithms
correctness:
 - compiler
 - provides expected result
 - if given correct input, it produces correct output.

P : input is correct
 Q : output is correct
 $P \rightarrow Q$

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Assertion: statement
 that is true when program
 is correct.

pre-conditions - assertions on parameters
 post-conditions - assertions on return values

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