

2.3 #40

who killed?

S	F	L	M		S	F	L	M	
T	F	F	F				✓	✓	X
f	T	f	F						
f	F	T	F						
f	f	F	T				*	✓	

The sum of two odd integers is even.

Proof:

Suppose  $m$  and  $n$  are odd integers.

By the definition of odd,  $m = 2r + 1$  and  $n = 2s + 1$  for some integers  $r$  and  $s$ .

Then

$$\begin{aligned}m+n &= 2r+1 + 2s+1 \\&\quad \text{by substitution} \\&= 2r+2s+2 \\&= 2(r+s+1)\end{aligned}$$

Let  $k = r+s+1$ . Note that  $k$  is an integer because it is the sum of integers. Hence,  $m+n=2k$  where  $k$  is an integer.

It follows from the definition of even that  $m+n$  is even.

QED

writing proofs  
common mistakes } lists in your  
book

$r$  is rational  $\iff$

$\exists$  integers  $a, b$  s.t.  $r = \frac{a}{b}$   
and  $b \neq 0$ .

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The sum of any two rationals  
is rational.

Suppose  
 $\forall r, s$ , if  $r$  and  $s$  are rational  
then  $r+s$  is rational.

Suppose  $r$  and  $s$  are rational  
(show  $r+s$  is rational)

So  $r = \frac{a}{b}$  and  $s = \frac{c}{d}$  where  
 $b \neq 0$  and  $d \neq 0$

consider

$$r+s = \frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d} \quad \text{subst.}$$
$$= \frac{ad+cb}{b \cdot d}$$

Let  $e = ad+cb$  and  $f = b \cdot d$

so  $r+s = \frac{e}{f}$  and  $e, f$  are  
integers since they are the sum and  
product of integers.

so  $f \neq 0$  by zero product property  
 $r+s = \frac{e}{f}$  and  $f \neq 0$ ,  $e, f \in \mathbb{Z}$

$\therefore r+s$  is rational.

QED

$\forall m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , if  $m$  is even and  
 $n$  is odd then  $m^2 + 3n$   
is odd.

$m^2$  is even ( $\text{prod. of 2 evens}$   
 $\text{is even}$ )

$3n$  is odd ( $\text{prod. of 2 odds}$   
 $\text{is odd}$ )

$m^2 + 3n$  is odd ( $\text{even} + \text{odd is}$   
 $\text{odd}$ )

QED

# Divisibility

If  $n$  and  $d$  are integers  
then

$n$  is divisible by  $d$  iff

$$n = dk \text{ for some } k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$n$  is a multiple of  $d$

$d$  is a factor of  $n$

$d$  is a divisor of  $n$

$d$  divides  $n$

$$d | n$$

if  $n, d \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $d \neq 0$

$$d | n \Leftrightarrow \exists k \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ s.t. } n = dk$$

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$$3 | 27$$

$$2 \not| 15$$